## S. CON. RES. 33

Supporting a National Charter Schools Week.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 24, 2001

Mr. Gregg (for himself and Mr. Lieberman) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

## **CONCURRENT RESOLUTION**

Supporting a National Charter Schools Week.

- Whereas charter schools are public schools authorized by a designated public body and operating on the principles of accountability, parent flexibility, choice, and autonomy;
- Whereas in exchange for the flexibility and autonomy given to charter schools, they are held accountable by their sponsors for improving student achievement and for their financial and other operations;
- Whereas 36 States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico have passed laws authorizing charter schools;
- Whereas 35 States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico will have received more than \$500,000,000 in grants from the Federal Government by the end of the current fiscal year for planning, startup,

- and implementation of charter schools since their authorization in 1994 under part C of title X of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 8061 et seq.);
- Whereas 34 States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico are serving approximately 550,000 students in more than 2,150 charter schools during the 2000 to 2001 school year;
- Whereas charter schools can be vehicles both for improving student achievement for students who attend them and for stimulating change and improvement in all public schools and benefiting all public school students;
- Whereas charter schools in many States serve significant numbers of low income, minority, and disabled students;
- Whereas the Charter Schools Expansion Act of 1998 (Public Law 105–278) amended the Federal grant program for charter schools authorized by part C of title X of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 8061 et seq.) to strengthen accountability provisions at the Federal, State, and local levels to ensure that charter public schools are of high quality and are truly accountable to the public;
- Whereas 7 of 10 charter schools report having a waiting list;
- Whereas students in charter schools nationwide have similar demographic characteristics as students in all public schools;
- Whereas charter schools have enjoyed broad bipartisan support from the Administration, Congress, State governors and legislatures, educators, and parents across the Nation; and

Whereas charter schools are centers of reform and serve as models of how to educate children as effectively as possible: Now, therefore, be it

- 1 Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives
  2 concurring), That Congress—
- (1) acknowledges and commends the charter
  school movement for its contribution to improving
  student achievement and our Nation's public school
  system;
- 7 (2) designates the period beginning on April 30, 8 2001, and ending on May 4, 2001, as "National 9 Charter Schools Week"; and
  - (3) requests that the President issue a proclamation calling on the people of the United States to observe the week by conducting appropriate programs, ceremonies, and activities to demonstrate support for charter schools in communities throughout the Nation.

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